

Mega Food Parks, Scheme, Objectives, List in India, Components

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Mega Food Parks are integrated food processing infrastructure projects developed to connect agricultural production with modern markets through a cluster based approach. The scheme was launched by the Ministry of Food Processing Industries in 2008 under the Pradhan Mantri Kisan Sampada Yojana to reduce post harvest losses, improve value addition, strengthen cold chain systems, generate rural employment and increase farmers' income. These parks create modern processing ecosystems with collection centres, processing units, cold storage, logistics and industrial plots for food industries in identified agricultural and horticultural zones across India.

Mega Food Parks Background

Mega Food Parks were introduced to modernize India's fragmented food processing system and strengthen agricultural supply chains through integrated infrastructure development.

- The Ministry of Food Processing Industries launched the Mega Food Park Scheme in 2008-09 to modernize food processing infrastructure and reduce wastage of agricultural and horticultural produce across supply chains.

- The scheme followed a cluster model where food processing industries were developed within a defined agri-horticulture zone supported by common infrastructure, logistics facilities and strong farm to market linkages.
- Projects were implemented through Special Purpose Vehicles registered under the Companies Act, while State Governments and cooperatives could directly implement projects without creating separate SPVs.
- The Central Government provided grant in aid up to ₹50 crore per project with assistance covering 50% project cost in general areas and 75% in Northeastern and difficult regions.
- Scheme guidelines provided a completion timeline of 30 months from final approval for establishing processing units, cold chains, warehouses and enabling infrastructure inside the parks.
- A single Mega Food Park was expected to support 30-35 food processing units, benefit around 6,000 farmers directly and provide indirect support to nearly 25,000-30,000 farmers.
- The Government discontinued the scheme from 1 April 2021, while allowing funding support only for ongoing projects and committed liabilities under approved food parks.
- By November 2025, 41 Mega Food Park projects had been approved across multiple states and union territories, out of which 25 parks became fully operational.

Mega Food Parks Objectives

Mega Food Parks were designed to strengthen food processing through value addition, integrated infrastructure and better market access for farmers and industries.

- **Market Linkage Creation:** The scheme aimed to connect agricultural production directly with processors, retailers and consumers through organized supply chains and integrated food processing infrastructure.
- **Reduction in Food Wastage:** Mega Food Parks focused on minimizing post harvest losses of perishable commodities through cold chains, storage facilities, scientific handling and modern transportation systems.
- **Promotion of Value Addition:** The scheme encouraged processing of raw agricultural produce into higher value food products to improve profitability and expand India's processed food industry.
- **Rural Employment Generation:** Mega Food Parks were planned to create large scale employment opportunities in rural areas through food processing units, logistics operations, packaging industries and warehousing activities.
- **Farmers' Income Enhancement:** By providing direct procurement systems, aggregation centres and better market access, the scheme intended to improve price realization and income security for farmers.
- **Development of Modern Infrastructure:** The scheme aimed to establish world class food processing infrastructure including testing laboratories, packaging facilities, cold storage and common utility services within food clusters.

Mega Food Parks Features

Mega Food Parks provide integrated infrastructure facilities for food processing industries through centralized services, modern logistics and efficient supply chain management systems.

- **Hub and Spoke Model:** Mega Food Parks operate through a Central Processing Centre linked with Primary Processing Centres and Collection Centres, ensuring efficient aggregation, storage and transportation of raw agricultural produce.

- **State of the Art Infrastructure:** Parks include warehouses, cold storage units, ripening chambers, packaging centres, quality testing laboratories, effluent treatment plants, roads, electricity and water supply systems.
- **Industrial Plot Development:** Each park generally contains 25-30 fully developed industrial plots where entrepreneurs establish food processing units with access to shared infrastructure and common facilities.
- **Common Facility Usage:** Processing industries use shared infrastructure such as cold chains, testing facilities and storage systems on a hire basis, significantly reducing operational and capital costs.
- **Focus on Perishable Commodities:** Mega Food Parks particularly support processing of fruits, vegetables, dairy, fisheries, meat and other perishable products requiring temperature controlled logistics and quick processing.
- **Environmental and Safety Standards:** The scheme promotes scientific processing systems, food safety compliance, **waste management** and environmental protection through regulated infrastructure and monitoring mechanisms.
- **Monitoring Mechanism:** Progress of projects was monitored by the Ministry through Programme Management Agencies, Project Management Consultants, periodic reviews, site inspections and financial scrutiny mechanisms.
- **Investment Promotion Platform:** Each Mega Food Park attracted private investment in food processing industries, logistics and allied sectors, with many projects receiving investments exceeding ₹100 crore.

Mega Food Parks Components

Mega Food Parks include integrated processing and aggregation infrastructure connecting farms with processing industries through coordinated supply chain facilities.

- **Central Processing Centre (CPC):** CPC acts as the core processing hub containing warehouses, cold storage, packaging units, testing laboratories, transportation systems and common utilities for multiple food processing industries within the park.
- **Primary Processing Centre (PCC):** PCCs are established near production zones for cleaning, grading, washing, slicing, blanching and preliminary processing of agricultural produce before transportation to the CPC.
- **Collection Centre (CC):** Collection Centres function as aggregation points where produce from farmers is weighed, sorted, graded, pre-cooled and stored before movement to processing facilities.

Mega Food Parks Significance

Mega Food Parks have strengthened India's food processing sector through infrastructure creation, employment generation and reduction of agricultural wastage across supply chains.

- **Reduction in Post Harvest Losses:** India faces significant losses in perishable commodities due to inadequate storage and transportation, while Mega Food Parks improve preservation through integrated cold chain infrastructure.
- **Boost to Food Processing Sector:** The scheme enhanced processing capacity by promoting modern industrial units and creating integrated facilities supporting value added food production across multiple

agricultural commodities.

- **Rural Industrialization Support:** Mega Food Parks promoted industrial development in rural and semi urban areas by attracting private investment and creating local economic opportunities linked with agriculture.
- **Employment Generation Potential:** Operational Mega Food Parks generated thousands of jobs in processing, logistics, packaging and storage activities, with parks like Patanjali Food and Herbal Park employing over 16,000 people.
- **Increased Farmers' Market Access:** Farmers gained access to organized procurement systems, better storage facilities and direct connectivity with food processing industries, improving agricultural commercialization.
- **Promotion of Private Investment:** Several operational parks received private investment exceeding ₹70-100 crore, strengthening industrial infrastructure and increasing participation of private enterprises in food processing.
- **Export Promotion Capacity:** Modern processing facilities, quality testing systems and packaging infrastructure developed under Mega Food Parks improved export readiness of processed food products from India.
- **Regional Agricultural Development:** Parks were established across diverse states including Assam, Mizoram, Tripura and Uttarakhand, supporting balanced regional development and localized agro processing industries.

List of Operational Mega Food Parks in India

The following Mega Food Parks were operational under the Mega Food Park Scheme across different states of India as of November 2025.

1. **Srini Mega Food Park:** Located in Chittoor district of Andhra Pradesh, this was India's first Mega Food Park and generated employment for nearly 17,200 people through integrated food processing activities.
2. **Godavari Mega Aqua Park:** Situated in West Godavari district of Andhra Pradesh, this park focuses on aqua food processing and generated employment opportunities for more than 4,000 people.
3. **North East Mega Food Park:** Located in Nalbari district of Assam, the project strengthened food processing infrastructure in Northeastern India with modern supply chain facilities and integrated processing systems.
4. **Indus Best Mega Food Park:** Established in Raipur, Chhattisgarh, the park was virtually inaugurated recently and is expected to benefit around 25,000 farmers through processing infrastructure.
5. **Gujarat Agro Mega Food Park:** Located in Surat district of Gujarat, the park supports integrated agro processing industries through common infrastructure and centralized logistics systems.
6. **Cremica Mega Food Park:** Situated in Una district of Himachal Pradesh, the project promotes food processing industries in hilly regions with grant supported infrastructure development.
7. **Integrated Mega Food Park:** Located in Tumkur district of Karnataka, this project generated employment for around 5,400 people through large scale processing and logistics operations.
8. **KINFRA Mega Food Park:** Established in Palakkad district of Kerala by Kerala Industrial Infrastructure Development Corporation, the park supports integrated food processing industries and storage systems.

9. **Indus Mega Food Park:** Located in Khargone district of Madhya Pradesh, the project supports processing of agricultural commodities through centralized infrastructure and industrial facilities.
10. **Avantee Mega Food Park:** Situated in Dewas district of Madhya Pradesh, this Mega Food Park attracted substantial private investment for agro-processing infrastructure and logistics systems.
11. **Paithan Mega Food Park:** Located in Aurangabad district of Maharashtra, the project strengthened food processing capacity and generated employment opportunities through integrated industrial facilities.
12. **Satara Mega Food Park:** Established in Satara district of Maharashtra, the park supports food processing units through common infrastructure and cluster based industrial development.
13. **Zoram Mega Food Park:** Located in Kolasib district of Mizoram, this project enhanced food processing infrastructure in Northeastern India through cold chain and storage facilities.
14. **MITS Mega Food Park:** Situated in Rayagada district of Odisha, the project supports agro processing industries and value addition activities in eastern India.
15. **International Mega Food Park:** Located in Fazilka district of Punjab, the park promotes processing industries linked with Punjab's agricultural production systems.
16. **Sukhjit Mega Food Park:** Established in Kapurthala district of Punjab, this park supports integrated food processing infrastructure and employment generation in agro industrial sectors.
17. **Greentech Mega Food Park:** Located in Ajmer district of Rajasthan, the project developed centralized processing facilities and logistics infrastructure for food industries.
18. **Smart Agro Mega Food Park:** Situated in Nizamabad district of Telangana, this Mega Food Park supports food processing industries through cluster based industrial infrastructure.
19. **Tripura Mega Food Park:** Located in West Tripura district, the project strengthened food processing and agricultural value chains in the Northeastern region.
20. **Patanjali Food and Herbal Park:** Established in Haridwar district of Uttarakhand, the park generated employment for over 16,000 people through large scale food and herbal processing activities.
21. **Himalayan Mega Food Park:** Located in Udham Singh Nagar district of Uttarakhand, this project generated employment for around 16,040 people through integrated food processing infrastructure.
22. **Jangipur Bengal Mega Food Park:** Situated in Murshidabad district of West Bengal, the project supports agro processing and storage infrastructure in eastern India.
23. **HSIIDC Mega Food Park:** Developed by Haryana State Industrial and Infrastructure Development Corporation in Haryana, the project promotes organized food processing industries and logistics systems.
24. **KSIDC Mega Food Park:** Established in Alappuzha district of Kerala by Kerala State Industrial Development Corporation, the project supports agro processing and integrated storage infrastructure.
25. **Fanidhar Mega Food Park Pvt. Limited:** Located in Mehsana district of Gujarat, this project attracted private investment exceeding ₹100 crore for integrated food processing development.

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