

Eurozone

June 3, 2026 • vajiramandravi.com



Eurozone Latest News

Eurozone inflation climbs to 3.2 per cent in May, with energy and services prices driving renewed price pressures across the currency bloc.

About Eurozone

- The eurozone, officially known as the **euro area**, is a geographic and economic region that consists of **countries in the European Union (EU)** that have **adopted the euro (€) as their national currency**.
- **Members:**
 - As of January 2026, the eurozone consists of **21 countries in the EU**.
 - These are Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, and Spain.
 - **Latest member: Bulgaria (2026)**

- **Not all EU nations participate in the eurozone; some** opt to **use their own currency** and maintain their financial independence.
 - **EU members not using the euro: Czech Republic, Denmark, Hungary, Poland, Romania, Sweden**
- The **European Central Bank (ECB)** exercises the sole power to **set the monetary policy for the Eurozone countries**.
 - The ECB exercises the **sole authority to decide the printing and minting of euro notes and coins**. It also **decides the interest rate** for the Eurozone.
 - The ECB is **headed by a president and a board, comprising the heads of the central banks** of the participating nations.
- The **Eurozone** has **mechanisms for support** during periods of economic instability.
 - The **European Stability Mechanism (ESM)** was created to provide **financial assistance through rescue loans** under specific conditions.
- **How do countries join the Eurozone?**
 - In order to join the euro area, EU member states are **required to fulfil** so-called '**convergence criteria**' which consists of **price stability, sound public finances, the durability of convergence, and exchange rate stability**.
 - These binding economic and legal conditions were **agreed upon in the Maastricht Treaty in 1992** and are also known as '**Maastricht criteria**'.
 - **All EU member states, except Denmark**, are **required to adopt the euro** and join the euro area once they are ready to fulfill them.
 - The Treaty **does not specify a particular timetable for joining the euro area** but leaves it to member states to develop their own strategies for meeting the condition for euro adoption.
 - The **European Commission and the ECB jointly decide** whether the **conditions are met** for euro area candidate countries to adopt the euro.

Source: FP

Source: <https://vajiramandravi.com/current-affairs/eurozone/>

© Vajiram & Ravi. For personal use only.