

India vs Pakistan Military Power 2026, Comparison, Ranking

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According to the Global Firepower Index, India ranks 4th globally with 1.46 million active troops and a defence budget of \$81 billion. Its military assets include 2,229 aircraft, 4,201 tanks, and 293 naval vessels, including two aircraft carriers. Pakistan, ranked 12th, has 660,000 active personnel and a \$10 billion defence allocation. Its arsenal features 1,399 aircraft, 2,627 tanks, and 121 naval vessels. While both nations maintain significant forces, India holds a clear advantage in overall military capability and strategic assets.

This article includes the overview of India vs Pakistan Military Power 2026 presents a factual comparison across critical domains such as manpower, air and naval strength, ground forces, logistics, and financial capacity.

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India vs Pakistan Military Power 2026

Military capability is a synergy of personnel strength, technology, equipment, logistics, and economic power. In nearly all of these areas, India holds a substantial edge over Pakistan.

According to the Global Power Index (PwrIdx), India ranks 4th globally with a power index of 0.1184, while Pakistan is ranked 12th with an index of 0.2513. This indicates a considerable gap in their overall strategic potential.

Manpower and Military Personnel Comparison

Human resources form the foundation of any defence structure. When it comes to India vs Pakistan Military Power 2026, India demonstrates overwhelming superiority in terms of both active forces and reserves.

Manpower and Military Personnel Comparison		
Category	India	Pakistan
Total Population	1.41 Billion (Rank 2)	252 Million (Rank 5)
Available Manpower	662 Million	108 Million
Fit-for-Service Individuals	522 Million	85.8 Million
Annual Recruits	23.9 Million	4.79 Million
Active Military Personnel	1.45 Million	654,000
Reserve Forces	1.15 Million	550,000
Paramilitary Strength	2.52 Million	500,000

Also Read: [Missiles of India](#)

Defence Budget and Economic Strength

Financial capability plays an important role in sustaining military readiness and modernization. India maintains a significant lead over Pakistan in defence-related economic indicators. India’s larger defence allocation facilitates investment in advanced military technologies, homegrown research projects, and strategic acquisitions via DRDO and HAL.

Defence Budget and Economic Strength

Category	India	Pakistan
Annual Defence Budget	\$75 Billion (Rank 4)	\$7.64 Billion (Rank 38)
External Debt	\$371 Billion	\$92 Billion
Foreign Exchange Reserves	\$627 Billion	\$13.7 Billion
Purchasing Power Parity	\$13.1 Trillion	\$1.34 Trillion

India vs Pakistan Air Force Comparison 2026

Air power is crucial for rapid response and tactical dominance. In the India vs Pakistan Air Force Comparison 2026, India clearly maintains the upper hand, both in fleet size and combat readiness. India’s advanced fighter jets like Rafale and Su-30MKI give it operational flexibility and technological superiority, whereas Pakistan relies predominantly on JF-17 Thunder, co-developed with China.

India vs Pakistan Air Force Comparison 2026		
Airpower Category	India	Pakistan
Total Aircraft	2,229	1,399
Fighter Jets	513	328
Attack Aircraft	130	90
Transport Aircraft	270	64
Training Aircraft	351	565
Special Mission Aircraft	74	27
Aerial Refueling Tankers	6	4

Helicopters (Total)	899	373
Attack Helicopters	80	57

Ground Force Comparison

Ground forces are important for territorial defence and land operations. Here too, India’s numbers far exceed those of Pakistan. While Pakistan has a higher count of self-propelled artillery, India dominates in overall land combat assets including T-90 Bhishma and Arjun MBTs, backed by extensive mechanized support.

Ground Force Comparison		
Category	India	Pakistan
Main Battle Tanks	4,201	2,627
Armored Fighting Vehicles	148,594	17,516
Self-Propelled Artillery	100	662
Towed Artillery	3,975	2,629
Rocket Artillery Systems	264	600

Also Read: [Operation Sindoor](#)

Naval Strength

Naval capabilities reflect a nation’s ability to secure maritime borders and project force globally. In this respect, India holds a commanding position over Pakistan. India’s focus on blue-water capabilities, including the INS Vikrant and INS Vikramaditya, allows it to exert regional dominance in the Indian Ocean and beyond. In contrast, Pakistan's navy remains mostly coastal.

Naval Strength		
Naval Assets	India	Pakistan

Total Naval Fleet	293	121
Aircraft Carriers	2	0
Submarines	18	8
Destroyers	13	0
Frigates	14	9
Corvettes	18	9
Patrol Vessels	135	69

Strategic Logistics and Infrastructure Comparison

A well-developed infrastructure is essential for efficient mobilisation and sustained military campaigns. India once again outpaces Pakistan in this domain. With superior port infrastructure, shipping assets, and a large workforce, India has the capacity to support prolonged military engagements and logistics operations at scale.

Strategic Logistics and Infrastructure Comparison		
Category	India	Pakistan
Total Airports	311	116
Merchant Marine Vessels	1,859	60
Ports & Terminals	56	3
Total Labour Force	593 Million	80 Million

Global Military Rank of India

Global Military Rank of India in 2026 is marked not just by numerical strength but also by strategic advancements. Ranked 4th globally, India is investing in space-based defence, AI-driven warfare, and joint international exercises

to evolve into a high-tech force.

Pakistan, although experienced in conventional warfare and maintaining a credible nuclear deterrent, is often held back by its economic challenges and limited defence manufacturing capabilities.

India vs Pakistan Military Power 2026 Comparison

After evaluating all major parameters, manpower, air and land capabilities, naval strength, economic support, and logistics infrastructure, it is evident that India maintains a distinct military advantage over Pakistan in 2026.

Pakistan remains a capable regional force with notable strengths, its overall defence capacity is limited by budgetary constraints and dependence on external support. This disparity contributes to India's sustained strategic advantage in South Asia.

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